10 Hz to 80 kHz



To receive a calibration and/or repair quote-RMA from R.A.E. Services Inc. Click here>> www.raeservices.com/services/quote.htm For production, laboratory and service

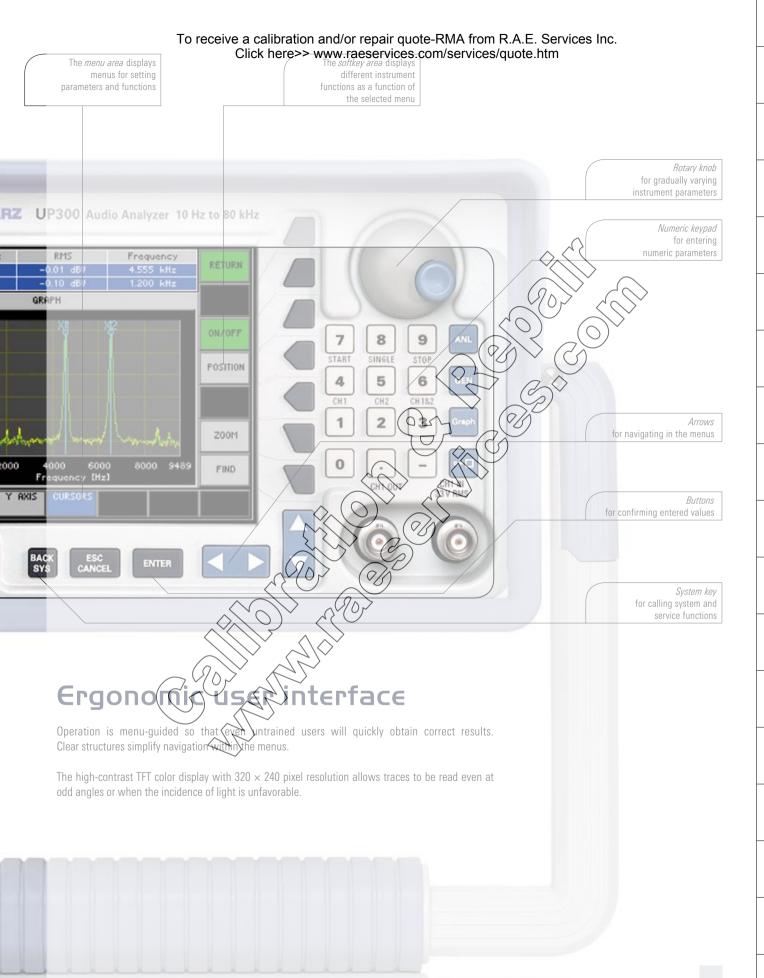
The R&S[®]UP 300 and R&S[®]UP 350 are favorably priced audio analyzers with a frequency range up to 80 kHz that can handle any of today's common applications. The instruments feature a broad scope of functions, good technical characteristics and compact design. The R&S[®]UP 300 includes all conventional audio engineering measurements and generates the required test signals. Its analog inputs and outputs are dual-channel in design.

The R&S[®]UP 350 goes one step further by providing digital audio interfaces and the capability to measure the digital audio protocol and digital sampling rate.

These two audio analyzers offer an immense range o applications — whether on the lab bench, in service of as a flexible measuring instrument in automatic production systems.

High signal quality	- Chapter - De antes - De ak
High-on measurement charac	cteristics
Extensive measurement function	75.0
Dual shapnel signal generatio	
R&S®UP 350 for analog and di	igital interfaces
Remote control via USB interf	

Condensed dat	a
R&S®UP 300	
Frequence range	10 Hz to 80 kHz
Level range	up to 33 V
Input noise	<2 µV (A-weighted)
Fast Fourier transform	up to 16 ksamples
R&S®UP 350, all the above plus	
Sampling rates	32 kHz to 192 kHz



_

Because of its large scope of functions, the R&S®UP 300 is ideal for numerous analog audio applications. The R&S®UP 350 is even more powerful, with the added capability of performing measurements on digital audio instruments.

Generation of diverse test signals, single- or dual-channel

Measurement of linear and monlinear distortion

with high resolution

Extensive selection of filters as standard

Test signals

ARZ UP350 Audio Analyzer 10 Hz to 80 KHz

NONDER

Sinewave signals for measuring requenewesponse, level linearity and harmonic distortion

and all and a l

- Level and frequency sweep for sinewave signals
- Two-tone signals for modulation distortion analysis and difference frequency distortion measurement
- Multitone signal from up to 17 sinewave signals of any frequency
- Sinewave burst signal for testing the dynamic response of audio circuits
- Noise for a variety of applications; can also be superimposed on the sinewave signals

Measurement functions

- Level measurement with rms, peak or quasi-peak weighting
- Selective level measurement with adjustable bandwidths
- DC voltage measurement
- THD+N or SINAD measurement: measurement of the sum of the harmonics, including noise
- THD measurement with selection of the weighted harmonics
- Modulation distortion analysis and difference frequency distortion measurement
- Frequency and phase measurement
- Polarity test for checking for possible reversed polarity of a signal path
- FFT analysis for displaying the spectrum with a resolution of <3 Hz

Diverse high-quality test signals

The generators in the Audio Analyzers R&S®UP 300 and R&S®UP 350 set new standards in the lower price segment. By providing a wide variety of sinewave signals, two-tone and multitone signals, bursts and noise, the instruments offer the ideal test signals for measurements in the lab, in service and in production, as well as in university education. Because the audio analyzers have inherent distortion of less than -90 dB, even high-end audio devices can be measured.

High-end measurement characteristics

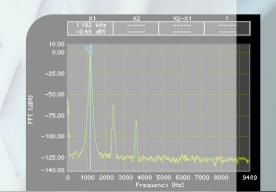
The audio analyzers offer bandwidths of up to 80 kHz, enabling the user to perform measurements even on broadband audio equipment. The R&S[®]UP 350 is capatile of sampling rates up to 192 kHz – unprecedented in this class of instruments.

Extensive selection of filte

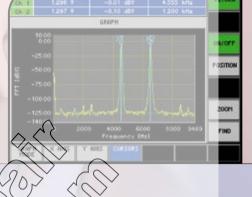
The R&S®UP 300 and R&S®UP 350 contain a vide variety of weighting, third-octave and octave filters. As many as three filters can be combined.

Powerful FFT analysis

The FFT analysis capability of the R&S $^{\circ}$ UP 300/350 also sets new standards in this class of instruments. This capability supports up to 16 k points and provides numerous window functions, which enables it to display the spectral composition of signals up to 80 kHz in bandwidth.



20.00 15.00 0.00 -5.00 10.00 -5.00 -5.00 -5



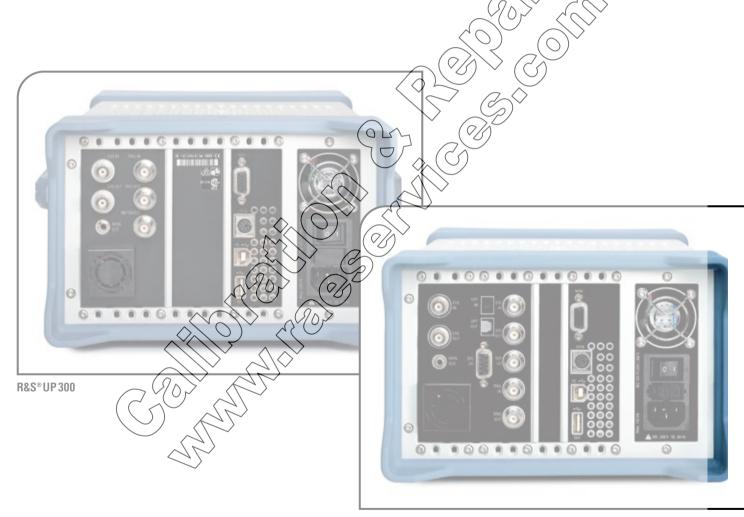


The USB host interface links the instruments to the PC world. The bus ensures high data transmission rates at low cost. Other peripherals (e.g. printers) can be addressed via another USB interface.

Identical housing

All instruments based on the Family 300 concept have an almost identical "face", a 5.4-inch TFT display, frontpanel control elements, protective guards and a handle that can be adjusted to different positions. Only the connectors on the front and rear panel vary depending on the instrument type.

If the protective guards and the handle are removed, the R&S®UP 300/350 can be installed in a 19-inch rack. Owing to their slim design, two instruments of the Family 300 can be placed next to each other



R&S®UP 350

In addition to its analog interfaces, the R&S®UP 350 has digital BNC interfaces in consumer and professional format on its rear panel.

Important: We continously refine our products. Please check our homepage **www.up300.rohde-schwarz.com** for new applications and features.

Specifications apply under the following conditions: specified environmental conditions met, calibration cycle adhered to and total calibration performed.



Measurement	functions	
RMS value, wideband		
Error limits	measurement speed AUTO, at 1 kHz sine, AC coupling	±0.1 dB
	additional error with measurement speed AUTO FAST	±0.1 dB
	additional error with DC coupling	±0.1% of measurement range
Integration time	AUTO FAST/AUTO	5 ms/50 ms, at least 1 cycle
	VALUE	1 ms to 10 s
Noise	with A filter, 600 Ω source impedance	<2 µV
	with CCIR unweighting filter, 600 Ω source impedance	<4 µV
Filters	weighting filters and predefined octave and third-octav	e filters; up to 3 filters carrise combined
RMS value, selective		
Error limits		±0.2 dB
Bandwidth (–0.1 dB)	fixed bandwidth filters	3 Hz, 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 00 Hz or 300 Hz
Bandwidth (–3 dB)	relative bandwidth	1%, 3%, 1(2 octa/e,)1/3 octave, value
	absolute bandwidth	TBLHA to Co
Selectivity		
Frequency setting		fixed through envector value or automatic to
Peak value	a an	(2/2)
Measurement	707	pos. peak, nag. peak, peak-to-peak, absolute peak
Error limits	at 1 kHz	George Contraction of the second seco
Interval		20 ms 20 10 s
Filters	weighting filters and predefined octave and third-potav	e filters; up to 3 filters can be combined
Quasi-peak	$(O)^{\vee}$	
Measurement		in accordance with CCIR 468-4
Error limits	analyzer bandwidth 22kHz	in accordance with CCIR 468-4
Noise	with CCIR weighting filter, 600 source impedance	<12 µV
Filters	weighting filters and predefined ortave and third-octav	e filters; up to 3 filters can be combined
DC voltage		
Voltage range	$(0)^{*}$	0 V to ±33 V
Error limits		\pm (1% of measured value + 0.5% of measurement range)
Total harmonic distortion	The set	
Fundamental		20 Hz to 20 kHz
Frequency tuning	fixed through entered value, auto-tuning to input signal	
Weighted harmonics	up to 80 kHz	any combination of d2 to d9
Error limits	harmonics <50 kHz	±0.7 dB
	harmonics <80 kHz	±1 dB
Inherent distortion	fundamental 1 kHz	<-100 dB
	fundamental 20 Hz to 5 kHz	<-90 dB
	fundamental 5 kHz to 15 kHz	<-85 dB
	fundamental 15 kHz to 20 kHz	<-80 dB
Spectrum	bargraph showing signal and distortion	

THD+N and SINAD		
Fundamental		20 Hz to 20 kHz
Frequency tuning	fixed through entered value, auto-tuning to input signal	
Bandwidth	weighting filters and predefined octave and third-octave	e filters; up to 3 filters can be combined
Error limits	bandwidth <22 kHz	±0.8 dB
	bandwidth <80 kHz	±1.4 dB
Inherent distortion	bandwidth 20 Hz to 22 kHz, fundamental 1 kHz	<-95 dB + 4 µV
	bandwidth 20 Hz to 22 kHz, fundamental 20 Hz to 5 kHz	<-90 dB + 4 µV
	bandwidth 20 Hz to 80 kHz, fundamental 20 Hz to 20 kHz	<80 dB + 8 µV
Spectrum	post-FFT of filtered signal	
Difference frequency disto	rtion (DFD)	
Measurement method		in accordance with PC/268-3 or IEC 108
Frequency range	difference frequency	80 Hz to 2 I(T2)
	center frequency	200 HZ TO BUKHX
Error limits	f _{center} < 20 kHz	(5) (C)
Inherent distortion	DFD d2, $f_{center} < 20$ kHz	
	DFD d3, 5 kHz < f _{center} < 20 kHz	9-90 dB
Spectrum	bargraph showing signal and distortion	
Modulation distortion (MC	D DIST)	
Frequency range	lower frequency	\$0 Hz to 2.7 kHz
	upper frequency	8 f _{lower} to 20 kHz
Error limits		±0.5 dB
Inherent distortion	$f_{lower} = 60 \text{ Hz}, 4 \text{ Hz} < (f_{upker}) 18 \text{ KMz}$	<-85 dB
	$f_{lower} = 60 \text{ Hz}$ 15 KHz f_{upper} 20 kHz	
	input voltage SAV	<-80 dB
	input vehage 4 V	<-75 dB
Spectrum	bath showing signal and states tion	
Frequency		
Frequency range	$\langle O \rangle$ $\langle O \rangle$	20 Hz to 80 kHz
Error limits	measurement time 10 s	±10 ppm
	measurement ince 1 s	±100 ppm
Phase (1)		
Frequency range	and liver bandwidth 22 kHz	20 Hz to 22 kHz
	analyzer bandwidth 80 kHz	80 Hz to 80 kHz
Error limits	f < 20 kHz, both channels with same range	±1°
Polarity test	>	
Measurement		polarity of unsymmetrical input signal

Filters	For all analog and digital analyzers. Up to three filters can be combined. All filters are digital filters with a coefficient accuracy of 32 bit floating point.
Weighting filters	A weighting C message CCITT CCIR unweighted CCIR 1k weighted CCIR 2k weighted deemphasis 50/15, 50, 75, J. 17 IEC/IEEE tuner

FFT analyzer		
Frequency range		DC to 80 kHz
FFT size		1 k, 2 k, 4/k, 8 k, 6 k points
Window functions		rectanyular, Hann) Blackmar-(raxis) Rife- Vincent 1 3, Kamming flat top, Kaiser
Resolution	16 k points, bandwidth 22 kHz	
Averaging	exponential or normal	TH0/256
Analog audio ou		
BNC connectors	2 channels, electronic, heating heat. 0.2 \	/ peak referenced to ground) or grounded, short-circuit-
	proof, max. current 120 ma with external	lezd -
	channel 1 sn ron panel, channel 2 en re	parel
Voltage range	sine, open circlicit	0.1 mV to 7.5 V (V _{rms})
Source impedance		27 Ω
Crosstalk attenuation	f (2) / 10 > (2)	>100 dB
Load impedance		>200 Q
Common-mode rejection	ANDHZ JOP	>50 dB
	\sum^{v}	
Digital audio out	puts model R&S®UP 35	O only)
BNC convector	Turbalanced, transformer coupling, on real	r panel
Impedance		75 Ω , short-circuit-proof
	\rightarrow into 75 Ω	0.5 V
(1		0.0 1
Output level (V _{pp})		TOSLINK
Output level (V _{pp}) Optical output		TOSLINK
Output level (V _{pp}) Optical output Channels		1, 2, or both
Output level (V _{pp}) Optical output Channels Audio bits Sampling rate		

Signals		
Sine		
Frequency range		2 Hz to 80 kHz
Frequency error		±10 ppm
Level error	at 1 kHz	±0.1 dB
Frequency response (ref. to 1 kHz)	20 Hz to 20 kHz	±0.05 dB
Inherent distortion THD+N	measurement bandwidth 20 Hz to 22 kHz	<-90 dB
Sweep parameters		frequency, level
MOD DIST	for measuring modulation distortion	
Frequency range	lower frequency	30 Hz to 2700 Hz
	upper frequency	$8 \times f_{lower}$ to 39.95 kHz
Level ratio (LF:UF)	selectable	from 10:1 to 1;
Error limits		±0.5 dB
Inherent distortion	at 60 Hz, 7 kHz, level ratio 4:1	<-90 20
	other settings; f _{upper} < 20 kHz	
DFD	for measuring difference frequency distortion	\sim (\sim) \sim (\sim)
Frequency range	difference frequency	80 Hz to 2 kHz
	center frequency	200 Hz to 3(.95 kHz)
Error limits		±0.5 4
Inherent distortion	DFD d2, 7 kHz < f _{center} < 20 kHz	5-19 KB
	DFD d3, 7 kHz < f_{center} < 20 kHz	
Multisine		
Frequency range		2.4 Hz to 80 kHz
Minimum frequency spacing	bandwidth 22 (Hz	2.4 Hz
Dynamic range	referenced to peak value	100 dB
Characteristics		1 to 17 spectral lines, level, start phase and frequency selectable for each line
Sine burst	AND TOT	
Burst time		1 signal period up to 60 s
Interval time	$\langle \rangle \langle 90 \rangle$	burst time up to 60 s
Low level		zero to burst level, absolute or relative to burst
Noise	\wedge	
Distribution		Gaussian, triangular, rectangular
Polarity test signal	$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle$	
SINE BURST signal		1.2 kHz
ON-TIME	>~~	1 cycle
INTERVAL		2 cycles

Measurement functions	Sweep RMS Sweep THD(N)	wideband or selective
Generator signal	sine	
Sweep mode	frequency and/or level	
Sweep spacing	linear, logarithmic	
Sweep stepping	single, continuous	
Sweep points	X-Axis	2 to 1024 for RMS 2 to 200 for THD(N)
	Z-Axis (Freq. & Ampl. Sweep)	1 to 10

Display of results

Units	
Level (analog)	V, dBu, dBV, dBm and dBr (ratio to reference value)
Level (digital)	FS, %FS, dBFS and dBr (ratio to reference value)
Distortion	% or dB
Frequency	Hz
Phase	deg

	$\langle \vee \rangle$	_
Graphical display of results		
Display modes spectrum plot	E D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	
Display functions Autoscale Aut	ode lines 25	
Audiomonitor		
Headphone connector	3.5 mm jack	
Output voltage (open circuit)	2 V, at fullscale	
Output current	<20 mA	
Source impedance	10 Ω , short-circuit-proof	
Recommended headphone impedance	600 Ω	



Designation	Туре	Order No.
Audio Analyzer (analog interfaces)	R&S®UP 300	1147.2494.03
Audio Analyzer (analog and digital interfaces)	R&S®UP 350	1147.2507.03
Rack Adapter	R&S®ZZA-300	1147.1281.00
Carrying Case	R&S®ZZK-300	1147.2542.02

	$(\checkmark ZS)$
	>
\sim	





NIST, ISO, IEC, ANSW W COLUGARCOV DISCOMMW. raeservices.com Europe: +491805 12 4242, customersupport@ronde-schwarz.com USA and Canada: 1-888-837-8772, customer.support@rsa.rohde-schwarz.com Asia: +65 65 130 488, customersupport.asia@rohde-schwarz.com